# SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY & MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE

# FY 2019 FINANCIAL REPORTATIONS 31ST DECEMBER 2019

## PRESENTED BY:

SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY

## PREPARED BY : AKINYEMI AKINREMI & CO.



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### SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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The Board of Trustees present their annual report on the financial statement of the Company, together with the financial statement and the report of the auditors for the year ended 31 December, 2019.

#### INCORPORATION AND ADDRESS

Sickle Cell Advocacy and Management Initiative was incorporated in Nigeria as a Non-governmental organisation under the Companies and Allied Matters Act as a Non-Governmental Organisation domiciled in Nigeria on the 20 July, 2008 and commenced operation in 2014

The office address is:

22B Amosu Street, Off Bode Thomas, Surulere Lagos State.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Sickle Cell Advocacy and Management Initiative is a Nonprofit/ Non Government Organtisation committed to creating awareness and promoting advocacy on issues with sickle cell disorder as well as providing support and an enabling environment to people living with the disorder.

#### **Board of Trustees**

The Registered Trustees who served during the year ended 31 December 2019 were as follows:

Toyin Adesola Fela Bank -Olemoh Foluso Phillips Funke Ademuluyi Tessy Ileka

#### SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE BOARD OF TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

No research and development activities were carried out in the period.

#### POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post balance sheet events which could have had a material effect on the financial state of affairs of the Con at 31 December, 2019.

#### AUDITORS

The Company's auditors, Akinyinka Akinremi & Co. (Chartered Accountants), have indicated their willingness to continue as auditors of the Company in accordance with section 357(2) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act.

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

**Company Secretary** 

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Date



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The Companies and Allied Matters Act requires the Board of Trustees to prepare financial statement for each financial period that give a true and fair view of the state of financial affairs of the Company at the end of the period and of its profit or loss. The responsibilities include ensuring that the Company:

- a) keeps proper accounting records that disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Company and comply with the requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act;
- b) establishes adequate internal controls to safeguard its assets and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities; and
- c) prepares its financial statements using suitable accounting policies which are consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Board of Trustees accept responsibility for the annual financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with Nigerian Accounting Standards and the requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act.

The Board of Trustees are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial affairs of the Company. The Board of Trustees further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records that may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statement, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Baord of Trustees to indicate that the Company will not remain a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of this statement.

Board of Trustee

....., 2020

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## (CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS)

#### REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE as at 31 December 2019, set out on page 5 which have been prepared on the basis of the significant accounting policies on page 6 to 7 and other explanatory notes on page 11 and 12.

#### Board of Trustees' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Board of trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Companies and Allied Matters Act CAP C20 LFN 2004. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparation and fair presentation offinancial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Organisation has kept proper accounting records and the financial statements are in agreement with the records in all material respects and give in the prescribed manner, information required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act CAP C20 LFN 2004. The financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE as at 31 December 2019, and of its financial performance and its Cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with the Statement of Accounting Standards issued by the Nigerian Accounting Standards Board.



Date.5/10/2020

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a. Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Nigerian Statements of Accounting Standards (SAS). The financial statements are presented in the functional currency, Nigerian Naira (N) and prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the Board of Trustees' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

#### b. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is recorded on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates which are consistent with those of the previous years;

	%
Office Equipment	25
Furniture and Fittings	25
Leasehold Improvement	25

#### c. Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in Naira at rates ruling at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rate of exchange at that date. Translation and exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account of the period in which they arise.

#### d. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue comprises grants and donations:

#### Donations:

i. Donations are cash received without any donor restriction. Donations is deemed to be receivable either when actually received, when there is a contract for its receipt and the relevant entity considers that any outstanding conditions under the contract have been met, or when the entity has become entitled to a future payment and its amount can be ascertained with reasonable certainty. Donations received in one accounting period that are specifically restricted to work to be carried out in subsequent accounting periods are not accounted for as income but are carried forward in deferred income

#### ii Grants:

Grants are typically restricted and unrestricted funds, where restricted funds are grants with donor imposed stipulations, for execution of core programmes that must be met by the organisation otherwise returned to the donor. Unrestricted funds are grant without imposed stipulations that can be utilized in funding any area of the organisation operations. Grants are credited to the statement of Income or expenditure when receivable. Grants are only deferred where there are time constraints imposed by the donor or if the funding is performance related.

#### iii Donated services

Numerous volunteers donate significant time to the Organisation's activities. Donated services that neither create nor enhance non-financial assets nor require specialized skills are not included in the financial statements. Donated services requiring specialized skills and which create or enhance non-financial assets are recognized as in-kind donations and are recorded at fair value.

#### iv Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and interest bearing financial assets classified as available for sale, interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of Income or expenditure.

#### e. Capital grants

Donation of assets including non-monetary assets are stated at fair value and credited to capital grants on receipts. The grants are amortized to the statement of Income or expenditure over the useful lives of the assets

#### f. Accumulated fund

Restricted funds are used for specified purposes as laid down by the donor .Expenditure which meets these criteria is identified to the fund, together with a fair allocation of management and support costs where appropriate .

Unrestricted funds are the funds that are available for use at the discretion of the board in furtherance of the general objectives of the Company and which have not been designated for other purposes.

#### OR THE TEAR ENDED ST DECEMBER 2019

#### Financial Instruments

The Organisation recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the Organisation's statement of financial position when the Organisation becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Organisation determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition. All financial assets and liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for financial assets and liabilities classified as fair value through income or expenditure.

#### **Financial assets**

#### Nature and subsequent measurement

The Organisation's financial assets include trade and other receivables and cash and short-term deposits. After initial measurement, the subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows

#### Financial assets -Subsequent measurement

#### Trade and other receivable

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Organisation will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The Organisation deploys age analysis tools to track the payment pattern of customers. Trade and other receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the ageing of the receivable balances and historical experience. Additionally, a large number of minor receivables is grouped into homogeneous groups and assessed for impairment collectively; the amount of provision is recognised in profit or loss within 'administrative expenses'. The carrying amount of trade receivable is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When trade and other receivables are uncollectible, it is written off as 'administrative expenses' in statement of income or expenditure. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are included in other income.

#### Cash and short-term deposit

Cash and Short-term deposit includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position. For the purpose of Cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts (if any)

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Nature and measurement:

The Organisation's financial liabilities include all trade payables. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value. The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows: Financial Liabilities-Subsequent measurement

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year (or in the normal operating cycle of the business, if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest.

# AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 =N= Notes 2019 Non Current Asset 3 Property and Equipment (Net) 3 Investment 9,131,341 Current assets: 9

Property and Equipment (Net)	3	5,088,188	70,313
Investment		9,131,341	
Current assets: Debtors and prepayment Cash and cash equivalent	6 5	5,353,745 10,142,284 15,496,029	790,482 
Current liabilities:			
Current liabilities: Creditors and accruals	4	(416,648)	(383,549)
		(416,648)	(383,549)
Net current assets		15,079,381	15,653,355
Net assets		29,298,909	15,723,668
Accumulated funds			
Retained earnings	7	29,298,909 29,298,909	15,723,668 15,723,668

The financial statements and notes on pages 9 to 13 were approved by Board of Trustees on\_\_\_\_\_ 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Board of Trustee

Board of Trustee

=N=

2018

The statement of significant accounting policies on pages 6 to 7 and the notes on pages 11 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements

#### STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBE	ER, 2019	=N=	······		=N=
	Notes	<u>2019</u> =N=	=N= Temporarily	=N=	<u>2018</u> =N=
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	
Revenues	1				
Individual donation		14,980,360		14,980,360	17,352,650
Corporate donation		29,137,730	-	29,137,730	3,328,576
In- Kind donation		142,500	_	142,500	225,120
Other income		2,218,549	- 12 24	2,218,549	86,200
Total revenues and public support		46,479,139		46,479,139	20,992,546
Expenses					
Program services	2a	(18,260,137)	2	(18,260,137)	(9,388,167)
Management and general	2b	(14,643,761)	-	(14,643,761)	(7,786,394)
Total expenses		(32,903,898)		(32,903,898)	(17,174,561)
Change in net assets		13,575,241	-	13,575,241	3,817,985
Net assets at beginning of year		15,723,668		15,723,668	11,905,683
Net assets at end of year		29,298,909	-	29,298,909	15,723,668

The statement of significant accounting policies on pages 6 to 7 and the notes on pages 11 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019		=N=	=N=
	Notes	<u>2019</u>	2018
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACT	IVITIES		
Change in net assets		13,575,241	3,817,985
Adjustment for non cash items: Depreciation	3	804,789	461,337
Adjustments to reconcile operating p to cash from operating activities :	rofit		
Increase in pledges receivable Increase in prepaid expenses Increase in security deposits		- (4,794,075) -	377,830
Increase in other receivables Increase in account payable and accure Decreae in advances		230,812 33,099 	(230,812) 233,549
Net cash (used in) / generated from ope CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTI		lie9,849,866	4,659,889
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACT	VITIES		
Capital expenditures Investment	3	(5,822,664) (9,131,341)	(63,750)
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,954,005)	(63,750)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTI Repayment of loans payable	VITIES		
Net cash used in financing activities		-	
Net increase in cash Cash- beginning of the year		(5,104,138) 15,246,422	4,596,139 10,650,283
Net increase in cash		10,142,284	15,246,422

The statement of significant accounting policies on pages 6 to 7 and the notes on pages 11 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements

#### AS OF 31 DECEMBER, 2019

AS OF 31 DECEMBER, 2019		=N=		=N=	
		2019		2018	
Revenue				40.10	
Individual donation		14,980,360		17,352,650	
Corporate donation		29,137,730		3,328,576	
In-kind donation		142,500		225,120	
Other income		2,218,549		86,200	
		46,479,139		20,992,546	
EXPENSES					
a. PROGRAMS					
Support medical expenses		4,903,518		448,170	
Support medical supplies and drug	IS	2,991,383		1,821,727	
Support: gift and donation		220,500		603,150	
Support : rent support		-		이야 집에는 것이 같아. 같아. 등이다.	
Support : school fees support		-		같은 것같은 사람이 집 집에 가 있는다.	
Meals and entertainment		728,328		450,260	
Honorarium		-			
Transport expenses		479,700		445,812	
Volunteer stipends Resource materials		468,000		303,000	
Venue and rentals expenses		-		-	
Advertisement and awareness		620,000 3,721,432		648,850	
Souvenirs		510,900		2,643,855	
Total expenses		14,643,761		<u>421,570</u> 7,786,394	
b. Management and general		14,040,101			:
Rent expenses		2,587,500		1 746 220	
Office consumables		148,985		1,746,220 129,795	
Printing and stationery		419,000		128,733	
Utilities		272,400		180,300	
Internet subscription		104,000		35,000	
Payroll expenses		10,392,668		4,861,047	
Fuel expenses		104,000		214,900	
Bank charges		75,109.40		29,262	
General administrative expenses		1,366,010		191,381	
Education and training		302,000		164,175	
Repair and maintainance		501,076		138,400	
Software expenses		262,250		200,000	
Membership due and subscription		25,000		42,000	
Professional fees		444,250		381,750	
Fees and levies		64,000		150,000	
Website expenses		185,000		76,250	
Audit fees		170,000		150,000	
Telephone expenses				105,500	
Postage and Delivery		32,100		8,750	
Depreciation		804,789		461,337	
	E	18,260,137		9,388,167	:
	Furniture	Leasehold	T-4-1		
FIXED ASSETS	&Fitting	Improvement	Total		
TIXED ASSETS	=N=	=N=	=N=		
Balance as at 1/1/2019	793,127	-14-	2,142,895		
Additional	562,929	4,517,867	5,822,664		
Balance as at 31/12/2019	1,356,056	4,517,867	7,965,559		
	1,000,000	4,011,001	1,903,009		
Accumulated depreciation: Balance as at 1/1/2019	771 607		2 072 500		
Addition	771,627 214,887	- 196,429	2,072,582 804,789		
Balance as at 31/12/2019	986,514	196,429	2,877,371		
Net Book Value	500,514	130,423	2,011,011		
At 31/12/2019	369,542	4,321,438	5,088,188		
At 31/12/2018	21,500	7,521,430	70,313	•	
=	21,000	-	70,313		

AS OF 31 DECEMBER, 2019	=N=	=N=
CREDITORS & ACCRUALS	2019	<u>2013</u>
Directors account		150,000
Accruals	170,000	150,000
Pension payable	246,648	83,549
	416,648	383,549

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

Cash and cash equivalent consists cash on hand and balances with bank. Cash and cash equivalent included in the cash flow statements comprise the following amounts:

Cash in Hand Gtb- Xtra Care	20	20
Gtb- 500 by 1m	435,463	907,466
Gtb-Projects	279,742	7,831
Gtb-USD	2,234,963	1,279,784
Gtb-Main Account	76,602	76,602
Zenith - XtraCare	376,405	12,904,444
Zenith-Main Account	127,324	
	6,088,024	
Zenith-Project	453,465	-
Eco Bank	20,275	20,275
Fidelity Bank	50,000	50,000
Cash and cash equivalent at year end	10,142,284	15,246,422
DEBTORS & PREPAYMENT Staff Ioan Paye excess remittance Prepaid expenses	5,353,745 5,353,745	194,849 35,963 559,670 <b>790,</b> 482
ACCUMULATED FUNDS		

Closing balance	29,298,909	15.723,668
Surplis/ Deficit for the year	13,575,241	3,817,985
Opening balance	15,723,668	11,905,683

CLIENT :	SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE
ACCOUNTING PERIOD :	2019
ASSESSMENT YEAR :	2020 ASSESSMENT YEAR
SUBJECT :	CAPITAL ALLOWANCE AND TAX COMPUTATIONS

CE Lewent	A/A	20%	The second second second second second		313,745		453,212
	LAUT MEN	25%	141.808 741.808	185,467			
		RATE	COST	IIA	A/A	AIA	
INAL WEEDVANGE							

A	313,745
AIA	
	459,212
$(q_{2})_{GA}$ . With	

SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE 2019 2020 ASSESSMENT YEAR CAPITAL ALLOWANCE AND TAX COMPUTATIONS

CLIENT : ACCOUNTING PERIOD : ASSESSMENT YEAR : SUBJECT :

459,212	
	2402

203,40	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2	63
	19
	NH:
	4 - 30 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 11 - 12

A/A 20%

OFFICE FURNITURES NA. 25%

552,526 552,526 140,732

FIRST YEAR

Leased		CUMMULATIVE
Improvement		ALLOWANCE
1/A	A/A	
50%	25%	
1000 - 1000 -		
2,258,934		2.5
	564,733	1,0
	2.023,647	3,66
1,694,200		

CAPITAL ALLOWANCE		OFFICE		OFFICE		OFFICE		CUMMULATIVE	No. of Street of
		EQUIPMENT		FURNITURES		FURNITURES		ALLOWANCE	
		I/A A/A		HA	A/A		A/A	A THE MERICAN DESCRIPTION OF A	ALL DRAW WARDENCE
	RATE	25% 20%	\$	25%	20%	25%	20%		
	TWDV	187,120		131,869	and a second				318,9
	COST	741,858		562,929		4,517,867			
	IIA	185,467		140,732		2,258,934			2,58
	A/A	313,745		203,408		564,733			1,03
	Investment Ail.	•							
	CUML. ALLOWANCES	499.212	· ·	344,141		2,823,667			3,66
	TWDV	429,776		350,657		1.694.200			

SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY AND MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE TAX COMPUTATION FOR THE YEAR 2020 ASSESSMENT YEAR 11/119 - 31/12019

Net Profit / (Loss) as per Account		13,575,241
Add Back Depreciation		804,789
Assessable Profit		14,380,031
Add Balancing Charge		
Less Batancing Allowance		
Losses Brought Forward		
Less Loss Relieved		
Unrelieved Losses Carried Forward		
Unabsurbed Capital Allowance b/f		343,747
Initial Allowance	2,58	2,585,133
Annual Allowance	1,08	1,081,887
Investment Allowance		74,187
Capital Allowance Avaliable for Claim	4,	4,084,954
Restricted to 66 2/3 of Adjusted Profit		
unabsurbed Capital Allowance c/f	<b>4</b> ,	4,084,954
Accessable Profit / (Loss)		14,380,031
Income Tax @ 30% of Accessable Profit	0%0	1
Education tax @ 2% of Adjusted Profits	%0	
Total Tax Liability Payable for the year		•
Less Withholding Tax Credit for the year		
Net Tax Liabilty Payable for the year		



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